

Please write legibly and show all work. If the answer to a problem is written down correctly, but certain steps of solving it are not shown, points might be taken off.

1. Consider the initial value problem  $y' = -8ty$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ .
  - (a) Apply Euler's method to estimate  $y(1)$ . Use step sizes  $\Delta t = 1/4$ .
  - (b) Find an explicit solution, and compare your estimate to the actual  $y(1)$ .
2. Consider a population  $P(t)$  satisfying the logistic equation  $dP/dt = aP - bP^2$ , where  $B = aP$  is the time rate at which births occur, and  $D = bP^2$  is the time rate at which deaths occur. Show the limiting population as  $t \rightarrow \infty$  is  $a/b$ .
3. Consider a population of ibis satisfying the logistic equation as in the previous problem. Suppose there is an initial population of 30 ibis, and at  $t = 0$  there are 6 births per month and 2 deaths per month. How many months will it take the ibis to reach  $2/3$  of their limiting population?
4. Consider the differential equation  $dy/dt = (y - 3)^2$ .
  - (a) Find the equilibria (i.e. constant solutions).
  - (b) By analyzing the sign of  $dy/dt$  around the equilibria, determine whether each equilibrium solution is stable, unstable, or neither.
  - (c) Find an explicit general solution to the equation.
  - (d) Graph the equilibrium solutions, as well as some non-constant solution curves, verifying visually the stability properties determined in (b).
5. Repeat parts (a) through (d) of Problem 4 for  $y' = -18 + 11y - y^2$ .
6. The differential equation  $dP/dt = \frac{1}{2}P(3 - P) - H$  models a logistic population with harvesting at rate  $H$ . Determine the dependence of the number of equilibria on the parameter  $H$ , and draw a bifurcation diagram.