

0. (Make-up for Quiz 1) The numbers  $p_n$  are defined by the initial condition  $p_0 = 1$  and the recurrence  $p_n = p_{n-1} - n$  for all  $n \geq 1$ . Find a closed formula:

$$\begin{aligned} p_n &= 1 - 1 - 2 - 3 - \dots - n \\ &= 1 - (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) \\ &= 1 - \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \end{aligned}$$

1. Let  $S$  be a set and for all elements  $x \in S$  let  $P(x)$  be a logical statement. Translate the following statements into English:

- “ $\forall x \in S, P(x)$ ”

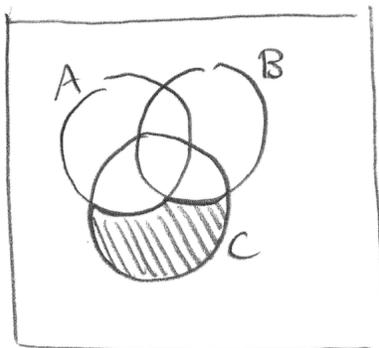
“For all elements  $x$  in  $S$ , the statement  $P(x)$  is true.”  
or “The statement  $P(x)$  holds for every element  $x$  in  $S$ .”  
or “Every element  $x$  of  $S$  satisfies  $P(x)$ .”

- “ $\exists x \in S, \neg P(x)$ ”

“There exists an element  $x$  in  $S$  such that  $P(x)$  is false.”

2. Let  $A, B, C$  be subsets of the universal set  $U$ . Use a Venn diagram to illustrate the set

$$(A \cup B)^c \cap C.$$



3. Complete the following truth table:

$P$	$Q$	$P \wedge Q$	$P \vee Q$	$P \Rightarrow Q$
$T$	$T$	$T$	$T$	$T$
$T$	$F$	$F$	$T$	$F$
$F$	$T$	$F$	$T$	$T$
$F$	$F$	$F$	$F$	$T$

4. Consider the Boolean function  $\varphi(P, Q)$  defined as follows:

$P$	$Q$	$\varphi(P, Q)$
$T$	$T$	$F$
$T$	$F$	$T$
$F$	$T$	$F$
$F$	$F$	$T$

Write down two different algebraic formulas for this function:

(There are infinitely many correct answers.)

$$\varphi(P, Q) = (P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$$

$$\varphi(P, Q) = \neg Q$$