## Math 311 — Practice Test 2

## CHAPTER 2

- (1) For the autonomous differential equation  $\frac{dx}{dt} = x^2 4x + 3$ :
  - (a) Find all critical point and draw a phase diagram. For each critical point, determine if it is stable, unstable, or semi-stable.
  - (b) If x(t) is a solution to the IVP  $x_0 = x(0)$ , determine  $\lim_{t\to\infty} x(t)$  in terms of  $x_0$ .
  - (c) Sketch several solution curves on an appropriate domain.
  - (d) Give a general solution to the differential equation.
- (2) For the autonomous differential equation dx/dt = x<sup>2</sup>(e<sup>2x-3</sup> 1):
  (a) Find all critical point and draw a phase diagram. For each critical point, determine if it is stable, unstable, or semi-stable.
  - (b) If x(t) is a solution to the IVP  $x_0 = x(0)$ , determine  $\lim_{t\to\infty} x(t)$  in terms of  $x_0$ .
  - (c) Sketch several solution curves on an appropriate domain.
- (3) Make a differential equation that mathematically models the spread of a rumor in the situation described below. Determine the relevant domains for your variables. Qualitatively describe how the rumor may spread depending on initial conditions.

In a large university with a fixed population of people, the rate of change of the number of those people who have heard a certain rumor is proportional to the number that have not yet heard the rumor.

- (4) An object moving horizontally experiences resistance due to friction that is:
  - (a) proportional to the square root of its speed (absolute value of velocity) and
  - (b) in the direction opposite its motion.

If there are no other forces contributing to its horizontal motion, obtain an equation for its velocity v(t) at time t with initial velocity  $v(0) = v_0 > 0$ .

Also obtain an equation for its position x(t) with initial position  $x(0) = x_0$ .

## CHAPTER 3

- (5) How many solutions are there to the IVP  $y'' + \cos(x)y' + \frac{1}{1+x^2}y = 0$  where y(0) = 2 and y'(0) = -1? What is the domain of each solution?
- (6) Show that  $y_1 = x$  and  $y_2 = x \ln x$  are linearly independent solutions to the differential equation  $x^2y'' - xy' + y = 0$ . Give a general solution. Then find the solution that satisfies the initial conditions y(1) = 7 and y'(1) = 2.
- (7) Give a general solution to 2y''' + 3y'' + 2y' = 0.
- (8) Give general solutions to the following differential equations:
  - $y'' 4y' + 4y = \sin(2x)$ •  $y^{(4)} - 4y'' + 4y = 6e^{2t}$
- (9) Give a differential equation that has  $y = 3xe^{-x} + 2x^2\cos(x/3)$  as a solution.
- (10) Solve the IVP  $x'' + 2x' 8x = -3te^{2t}, x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 0.$
- (11) Solve the differential equation  $Ly = 7e^{-3t}$ where L is the linear differential operator  $L = (D^2 - 9)D$ .